THE DAILY GAZETTE:
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J. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
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EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

GENERALITIES.

BALTIMORE is to have a fine new hotel.

THE race of elephants is fast dying out.

CHARLES READE is not coming to America.

SENATOR NORTON, of Minnesota, is seriously ill.

PETROLIA, Canada, produces 4,500 bbls. of oil a week.

JAMES MALLOY was drowned at Cincinnati on the 4th.

THE hatters Union of Brooklyn has $6,000 in bank.

THERE were four Fourth of July fires on Staten Island.

FANNY JANAUSCHECK is to play next winter in English.

BOSTON has eleven free baths for men and five for women.

THERE are said to be but about 500 people at Saratoga now.

A. H. STEPHENS is getting heavy. He now weighs 76 pounds.

NIAGARA does not seem to be a favorite watering place this year.

SOME women have started an advertising agency in New York.

ABOUT 3000 feet of the Mont Cenis tunnel yet remain to be excavated.

THE Lydia Thompson troupe is at the California theatre, San Francisco.

IN Philadelphia a street car conductor has been fined for overloading his car.

THE Cincinnati park commissioners have spent $80,320 90 upon their various parks.

THE Union League of Philadelphia gave a fine display of fire works on the 4th.

GOV. HOFFMAN was nominated at Tammany Hall on the 4th for the Presidency in 1872.

HILDEBRAND, the hero of half a hundred horrible murders, has turned highwayman.

ABRAHAM REEMBERG was killed at Jamaica Plains, near Boston, during a drunken row on the 4th.

LAMENTABLE accidents are recorded in every town in the country as the result of 4th of July orgies.

TWO brothers, George and John Wunderlich, were drowned while bathing at Chester on Tuesday.

HONOLULU has published an interesting account of Abraham Lincoln in the Hawaiian language.

EIGHT thousand one hundred and forty-two Chinese have arrived at San Francisco since the first of January.

THE skeleton of a woman, found under an old tenement house in Columbus, Ind., is creating a sensation there.

THE Russian Opera troupe is going home dissatisfied, as they find American names and English songs hard to pronounce.

IT is proposed to publish biographical sketches in one volume of the first two hundred and twenty-five graduates of Harvard.

THE Philadelphia *Bulletin* of July 5th prints a list of nine accidents and fourteen fires resulting from the glorious 4th in that city.

ON Wednesday, Wheeling had a case of attempted arson, an attempted burglary and an attempted fight. Only the fight was successful.

JONATHAN BINNS, of Howard county, Indiana, goes to the State prison for life for the murder of his wife, Mary Binns, in February last.

A DRUNKEN fellow, named Eacker, shot and killed in cold blood a school teacher named Thos. E. Burdiet, on Tuesday, in St. Johnsville, N. Y.

JEROME NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, of Baltimore, left about $220,000, which sum, by his will, is to be divided among his widow and two sons.

CHANG, one of the Siamese twins, is pining for North Carolina, but Eng will not leave Europe, and Chang does not feel as if he could come home without him.

PETERSON, of Philadelphia, announces that advance copies of the Life of Charles Dickens will be sent to any one prior to the date of publication upon receipt of price.

GEN. DE PEYSTER of Tivoli, N. Y., has begun a history of the Third Corps of the Army of the Potomac, and is anxious for contributions of material from any source.

AN old man named Tullis, while in a skiff on the Ohio at Cincinnati on the 4th, was struck by the revolving wheel of a steamboat, and has not since been discovered.

EARLY on Monday moraing Chas. McCarthy was murdered at the west shaft of the Hoosac Tunnel. Timothy Lynch was arrested on suspicion. They were both laborers in the tunnel.

AN exchange remarks that persons who prefer stale bread can have their taste gratified by sending to Pompeii where they have loaves which were baked eighteen hundred years ago.

NINE serious accidents in Chicago's quota for the Fourth. The most dreadful happened to a little boy named Yelverton whose pocketful of fire crackers and torpedoes exploded, tearing his abdomen to pieces.

THE Hollidaysburg *Register* says that Mrs. Elizabeth Karns, of Gaysport, an old lady who was deaf and had on a sun bonnet, was struck by a freight train which she neither saw nor heard and killed on Friday.

A YOUNG man in New York bet he could drink six glasses of ice water, and actually won the bet, but on account of the warm weather and the high price of ice in New York his funeral was unusually expensive.

AN irreverent lawyer having insulted Judge Pitzer, of the California bench, his honor descended, seized a cane and administered to the attorney a severe flogging. The Judge resumed his seat and bade the, whipped pleader to proceed with his remarks.

IN Elizabeth, N. J., a pleasant gentleman, described as "a well known rough," entered the house of Mr. Timothy Lahey on Monday night, knocked down that gentleman, beat Mrs. Lahey severely, smashed all the furniture and then retired.

MIKE LANG, a moulder, of Louisville, when on a ferry boat in the middle of the river on the way to a picnic on the 4th, made a bet that he could jump in the river and swim to shore. Men dragged for the body all day Tuesday without success.

THE UP (U. P.) TICKET.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: Permit one to ask who does not feel deeply interested in the war which a few men are now trying to excite in the Republican ranks, if it was the intention of those poor creatures who dignify themselves with the name of "Reformers" (Ah! me!!) to set aside the Constitution of the United States, which declares "there shall be no religious tests," when they met at the Court House on Wednesday and gave no religious any show but the United Presbyterian? Mr. Carnahan is a U. P.; Mr. Kirk is a U. P.; Major Frew is a U. P.; Minas Tindle is a U. P.; Aaron Floyd is a *high* priest (U. P.; Rev. F. A. Hutchison is a U. P.; Alexander Nimick should be, and I think is, a U. P. and a great many others such as the Reeds, who have been shaken by the wind, have been in the *Kirk* ring, are U. P's, and still a great many others if they have not bolted, or formed an "*Independent* (Ecclesiastical) *Organization*" are U. Ps. The U. Ps. are a very good kind of people when they are good, and I do not know many better ones, but a large number of the most influential of them declared yesterday they would not vote for their own members if they run on a bogus, dis loyal ticket. So please tell your readers from one who loves U. P ism that it is all UP with the ructionists' ticket. Faster than it went UP will it go

DOWN.

P. S. and N. B.—I see there are only FIVE delegates on the ticket who reside in Allegheny City. Please put that

DOWN.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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CRESSON.

The Mountain House--The Guests--The Picnics--The Springs--The Journey Home.

It was rather a crowded train that took a batch of Pittsburghers and your correspondent among them to Cresson Springs on Saturday last, through a storm that must have been nearly fifty miles long. It was dreary weather, and a trip likely to put the spirits of the passengers in a state of depression, from which many were not rescued until they came into the great dining room of the Mountain House, and felt the genial influences of the *chef de cuisine* of that resort. A game of billiards, a cigar and a night on a bed that felt like those for which Paris is famed brought your correspondent into a fitting mental and corporeal condition to resist the heavy cloud which hung about the mountain top all day like a wet blanket, only being broken every now and then by a cheerless rain. The hotel was pretty full on Sunday, as were some few of the cottages, and some ten or a dozen of the visitors mustered devotion and courage enough to go off two miles to church at the village of Summit. The rest stayed in their rooms, hung about the porches or, like the subscriber and his party, defied the weather, and explored the numerous and far reaching board pathways leading to the Iron and Alum springs, the bath houses, the various cottages and the station, nor did they fail to avail themselves of the generous hospitality of a fellow townsman at his cottage. Among the well known Pittsburghers at Cresson, we recognized Mr. A. S. Bell and family, Mrs. Phillips, Mrs. Crossman, Miss Phillips, Mrs. David Park, Mr. and Mrs. Miles Tack and Messrs. Jones, Dilworth, Brock, Laughlin, Cosgrave, McCance, Bagaley, Stallknecht, King, Arnold, Sands, and a pleasant party of five young gentlemen, four white and one colored, whose names we did not learn, besides ex-Gov. Dunnington and family from Columbus, Mr. Andrew Carnegie, of New York, Mr. Augustus H. Tack and family of Philadelphia, Mr. Frank Tack, of Oil City, Mr. Evans and family, of the West Chester *Record*, and numerous others. On Sunday, dinner was the event of the day, then the eastern bound train was visited and the Sunday papers reviewed and eagerly explored for news of the new party, but in vain. A delightful evening on the noble porches of the hotel almost repaid for the horrors of the gloomy day preceding.

The Birthday Anniversary of the nation shaved gloriously, the air was delicious, the sky was clear, the mountain looking very loveliest. An early train carried off a large delegation to the races at Altoona, which were something of a fizzle, but those who stayed were glad they had done so. The house was thronged with visitors from the neighboring towns all day, and two picnics, one at Loretto and the other at Summit, added to the country folk from miles around. A charming walk—made with companions that would have cast a glamour of delight around scenes far less lovely—brought us to the scene of rustic merry-making on the mountain top, where refreshments and dancing platforms were erected in the most confident fashion beneath the arches of the primeval forest. Here for a while we watched the doings of the fawns and wood-nymphs—lusty, vigorous devotees of Terpsichore, who, with all of the native graces of the region, let loose their agile limbs—with an abandon and recklessness only to be equalled by the power and rapidity of their speech —and rejoiced in the independence of their country and the plentifulness of their beer.

A walk from thence by way of the old portage road and down one of those relics of antiquity, an inclined plane, brought us to the famous iron spring, where a mad rabble—Ross' black-eyed Mickey included—took the place of the "Mickey" the presiding deity of the fountain, who was among the revellers we had left at the Sylvan festival.

But it would take too long to go into further particulars of this short and charming visit, suffice it to say that we found the hotel under the grandest auspices, a new mile and a half track almost finished, a really superb kitchen, said to be the most complete in America, added, and Mr. Mullins, just the same genial Mr. Mullins, looking after the welfare of his guests as has for so long been his custom. About the time that the evening train for the west was due, the guests at the hotel began to gravitate towards the station, and they must have felt well repaid for so doing, for a more motley, jubilant crowd is not always to be witnessed. The platform was filled with pic-nickers from Loretto and the Summit houses, while the high spirits in full flow and when the train came thundering along and stopped, there was a crush which defies description. Several hundred people wanted to get on the train at one door, about half as many wanted to get off at the same place and the cars were already packed to a degree.

At last the change was effected, and the train moved off, every aisle solid with warm humanity mosaiced with a nicety that would shame the artificers of Florence. Men stood there holding babies in the air to save them from the fate of the Princes in the tower, other men stood there with their arms in curious positions, and seemingly unable to move them, many being around the waists of the other sex, tightly pressed and showing no signs of any ability to move, excepting occasional convulsive sort of a contraction of the muscles, which must have been felt by the girls, but they were "mountain lasses," and never winced but stood the pressure nobly. At Wilmore a few thousands, more or less, left the train, and then we began to observe a young beauty who was seated upon the head of a seat, with her feet on the cushions below. Red cheeks and white teeth were her portion, and she was a belle of the first water, knowing every young man of the large party, and beckoning him to her, and woe to him who attempted to pass her bye, for an arm that would have honored Jael Dence would be around his neck, whether parasol hook would be in his coat, and he would be drawn by these gentle threads of feminine influence to the feet of beauty. The result was that she reigned supreme over a court of a dozen cavaliers, and although no special lover seemed to be her portion.

Yet a' the lads they smiled at her
A comin' thro' the cars

And many a jealous glance we caught, darted at her from eyes that should have looked but love into those other eyes belonging to the young men with convulsive arms.

At Johnstown the beauty *par excellence* and all the other beauties and their enamored swains departed, making way for a fresh batch of rustic mountain loveliness, who were with us but for a few short, fleeting miles, and then vanished into the bright beyond with but a few to come into the smoky city, which we did after having come to the conclusion that Cresson Springs are pleasant, Cresson guests delightful and Cambria county preachers likely to reap rich harvests soon, if armencircled necks and ardent lips be consulted into omens of marriage ceremonies.

W.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 7.—Flour dull, with superfine at $5; double extra $5.50; treble extra $5.75. Corn firmer; mixed $1.07@; white $1.15 @1.20. Oats 66@66c. Bran $1.02@1.05. Hay—prime western $22. Pork firmer at $31.50. Bacon active and held at 14c for shoulders; 17½@18c for clear rib; 18c for clear sides; hams 23@c. Lard quiet; tierce 15¾@16¾c; keg 18¾ @18¾c. Sugar scarce and firmer; prime 11¾@ 12c. Molasses firm; fermenting 60@70c. Whisky lower at 97½@$1.00. Coffee—prime 15¾@ 17¾c. Sterling 22.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 7.—Bagging firm and unchanged. Bacon—shoulders 12½@13c; clear rib 16½@16¾c; clear sides 16¾@17c. Hams 23@25c. Lard quiet; tierces 15¾@16¾c; keg 18¾ @19c. Sugar scarce and firmer; prime 11¾@ 12c. Molasses firm; fermenting 60@70c. Whisky lower at 97½@$1.00. Coffee—prime 15¾@ 17¾c. Sterling 22.

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Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 7.—The cattle market was active during the week, the prices of inferior and lower grades being 5@5½c; ordinary thin steers and cows 6¾@6¾c; medium to fair 7¾c; first quality 7¾@8c; very best 8¾@8¾c. Sheep 4@6c; common to prime lambs $3@4.25 per head and in good demand. Hogs 12½@ 13c and in short supply. Receipts for the week: Beeves 816; sheep 5,221; hogs 3,651.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

MANSFIELD, O.

Great Trial of Agricultural Implements.

[Special Telegram to the Gazette.]

MANSFIELD, July 7, 1870.

The third day of the great reaping trial was suspended this forenoon on account of rain. At about three the dynamometer test was resumed and the interest was at its height when a sudden shower suspended operations.

The field for reaping was opened by the "Champion Self-raker," Mr. Whitley driving. The change of weather has only procrastinated the trial, but has not lessened the interest. "Rank's Changable Speed" is still gaining friends. W. H. Williams, general agent of the "World" for Ohio, is active in the interest of the Company.

[Correspondence of Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MANSFIELD, O., July 7, 1870.

A GREAT FIELD TRIAL OF MOWERS AND REAPERS.

This morning opened wet, and at present writing there is nothing doing on the field. This afternoon may develop better weather, and I shall chronicle the result by telegraph. There are probably five hundred machine men and strangers interested awaiting the weather.

I subjoin some additional matter that may be interesting; also references to some of the principal machines.

The machine business has assumed an immense magnitude. Not less than thirty millions of capital is invested in it in the United States. The lowest estimate of mowers and reapers built this year is one hundred and ten thousand. Allowing each machine to save the labor of one man (a low estimate), we have a saving of manual labor of five hundred and fifty thousand men in a single year. At least this number were sold, and some contend one-fourth more than this estimate, as there were some left over last year. Although this may seem large, it is barely sufficient to supply the demand occasioned by new farms brought annually into cultivation. This has become an important business to Pittsburgh, as the furnishes at least two-thirds of the iron and steel used in manufacturing the machines. Jones & Laughlin, Anderson & Woods, Hussey, Wells & Co., Lloyd & Blair, Reiff & Co., Brown & Co., Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, all derive a heavy trade in this line. And in this connection I have one word to say. Why is it we can furnish the material referred to, even the coal and coke, transport it hundreds of miles to the west and return the manufactured article and not enjoy the profit of building these machines ourselves? The transportation itself would be in our favor. There is no reason why we can't manufacture as cheaply as the west. Let our manufacturers look to this; Eastern capital is looking for investment in many of the different machines.

THE MANSFIELD.

This name was very appropriately selected for the new, complete machine built by the Mansfield Machine Works of this city. It is the invention of Mr. Hiskwite, of Williamsport, N. Y., and is the pioneer of its class in the east, where it is known as the *Advance*, and has met with great favor. It has been improved by the addition of a platform, suggested by Mr. Reece, the mechanical mind of the company in question, with particular reference to the demands in the west. At present orders were built for the present harvest and sold long before the season commenced. The most complete machine in the field. Length of cut. One of these machines has been on trial and fully sustained the expectations of its friends. The gearing is all cut, and the draft of which showed a clean, low, uniform stubble. Indeed one old machine man said a "straight edge" could be laid on the stubble. The draft was light and the movements noiseless, no side draft, but an evenly, uniform, steady motion, showing no lost motion in the heads or wear, cutting or heating of the gear. The driver controlled the team and machine with as much facility as a ball. Foreign and old time machine men who had never seen anything of the kind tried. It fully sustained itself. Johnson's self-rake is known as possessing points of merit that have never yet been equalled, and is used by a large number of leading manufacturers. His reaper has taken a number of first premiums, among which were gold medals, last year, at Louisville, Ky., and the great trial last month at Xenia.

Mr. Johnson has made his mark in the agricultural world and done more than any one living, of his age, to benefit the farming community. His self-rake has been a success and his self-binder promises still greater results.

THE BUCKEYE MOWER AND REAPER.

It would be impossible to name a mechanical skill, and a meritorious mechanic not to mention this valuable field convenience. It fully met public expectation and in withstanding the prejudice of certain parties jealous worth has continued to increase in favor. The machine is substantially built and has some very superior points of merit and will develop its reputation better in heavy grain than in that where the machines were tested. I had the pleasure of meeting S. R. Harris Esq., the President, whom I found to be not only a practical mechanist, but a gentlemen of enlarged experience in business and thoroughly conversant with the laws of field management. Mr. Sheppard, the principal mechanic of the firm, was also present and fully demonstrated himself a good operator. The *Bucyrus*, as you are well aware, is introduced in Pennsylvania, and I shall refer to it hereafter.

THE CLEVELAND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

The above have been permanently before the agricultural community for nearly thirty years, making all the principal farm and barn tools, saw mills, plows, cultivators, &c. They have built for the Harvest Queen for most of the Western and Southwestern States, and have made considerable improvements in it. The hand rake was first a mower and did first class work. As a reaper this machine has still greater reputation, particularly with the self-rake attachment. This is of the family of Johnson rakes and has been modified and greatly improved. Such has been the demand for this machine that they sold out weeks before harvest commenced. I was pleased to meet the old, staunch, whole-hearted Mr. Harris, who is the general traveling agent of the firm, and Mr. O. Catlin, of the same. These gentlemen all look hale and hearty.

J. T. F.

—Mr. Palmer, of Little Rock, Arkansas, a day or two since made personal application to the Superintendent of the Free Labor Bureau of New York city for fifty servant girls. He said that the white families of Little Rock had held a meeting, and after collectively concluding that the negroes had been unmanageable as household servants, had resolved to employ white labor, and had sent him North amply provided with funds to employ the requisite number of persons.

XLIST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION)

SENATE: Woman Suffrage Amendment—Commercial Relations with Spanish American Countries—Navy Appropriations—Election and Apportionment of Representatives—Army Bill Conference Report Tabled. HOUSE: Naturalization Question—Currency Bill Finally Passed—Funding Bill Referred to Conference Committee.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, July 7, 1870.

Numerously signed petitions against the continuance of the Income tax were presented by Mr. CAMERON, and tabled.

Mr. TRUMBULL, in response to various petitions for the amendment of the Constitution allowing women to vote, reported the same back, and asked to be discharged from their further consideration. So ordered.

The Conference report relative to the navy pension fund was agreed to.

Mr. NYE introduced a bill to regulate rank in the navy. Referred.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Finance Committee, reported an amendment to the civil appropriation bill, making an appropriation for extra clerical force required by the passing of the banking and currency act.

Mr. FENTON addressed the Senate on the subject of our commercial relations with Spanish-American countries on this continent, which he thought had been too much neglected. He believed our commerce with these capable of very large and valuable increase. Mr. Fenton then submitted the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to inform the Senate by such means as in his judgment shall be deemed proper, into the present condition of the commercial relations between the United States and Spanish-American States on this continent, and between those countries and other nations, and communicate to the Senate full and complete statements regarding the same, together with such recommendations as he may think necessary to promote the development and increase our commerce with those regions and secure to us that proportional share of the trade of this continent to which their close relations of geographical contiguity and political friendship with all the States of America justly entitle them.

Several House bills passed, including that requiring Whatcom banks to go into liquidation to retire their circulating notes.

Reports were made as follows:

By Mr. CONKLING, from Committee on Commerce, without amendment, the bill to incorporate the Tehuantepec railway and ship canal company.

By Mr. GILBERT, from Committee on Post-offices, with amendment, the bill authorizing mail steamship service between Cedar Keys, Florida, and Havana.

By Mr. STEWART, with amendment, the bill to divide Virginia into two Judicial Districts.

By Mr. CRAGIN, from Naval Committee, without amendment, the joint resolution providing for enlistments in the Navy.

Bills were passed increasing from $50 to $75 the limit of pensions in certain cases.

Bills reported from Committee on Public Lands, with amendments, the bill granting lands to Lincoln City and Loupe Fork Railroad.

Mr. CAMERON introduced a joint resolution for accepting the proposals of the International Ocean Telegraph Company for constructing and placing steamships on the Transatlantic service. Referred.

Mr. McDONALD, Mr., called up the Naval Appropriation bill, the question being upon concurring in the amendments made in Committee of the Whole.

An amendment was adopted, after discussion, providing that no money appropriated by the bill for the construction of vessels shall be expended on account of naval engines contracted for during the war.

An amendment of the Committee on Appropriations, to prohibit retired officers being assigned to duty or given increased pay and allowances, was discussed at length.

Amendments were offered by Mr. CRAGIN, increasing the number of seamen, ordinary seamen, mechanics and boys in the Navy from 8,500 to 10,000; by Mr. DRAKE, for a board of survey to control the construction and equipment of vessels; by Mr. NYE, providing docking facilities in New Orleans and for repairs to vessels, authorizing the balances of unexpended appropriations to be taken for the purpose.

All were voted down.

Mr. DAWES made an argument in favor of the increase of the Military Academy Committee's bonus that rank. He submitted an amendment to that effect, which was rejected, 20 yeas, 28 nays. Pending action on the bill, Mr. CAMERON

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort 95½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 53f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111½@111¾.

A SCOTCHMAN thinks that the *Kirk* and politics don't go well together; the bolting convention thought so, too, and so likewise think all honest men.

RED CLOUD is gathering together his savage clans to make war on the settlers of the frontier. After he shall have committed atrocities of the darkest imaginable character we may have less admirers hereabouts for the eloquent and wrongest noble red men.

THE ORGAN of the sore heads is more profoundly convinced since they held their Convention on Wednesday, that they will only have a "controlling influence" in "the result next fall," and surrender political dominancy in the county to the Democrats. This they wish to do for the sake of free trade.

WHICH? The organ of the bolters' ring said yesterday: "The delegates chosen at the primary meetings on Saturday, met in the District Court Room." Professor Thomson said in the Convention: "In many districts not even the form of an election was gone through." Which statement is the correct one?

THE *Commercial* says delegates met in Convention on Wednesday, "pursuant to the call for an Independent Republican organization." The committee of five claim to be in the Republican party. Can they maintain allegiance to the Republican party and an "Independent organization," or does their own organ misrepresent them?

WHILE some excellent private citizens have been placed on the bolters' ticket, it does not as a whole compare more than favorably with those put in nomination in past years by the Republican party. In the temporal wealth of the nominees, the bolters' ticket may hold advantage, but so far as honesty, brains and strict integrity to principles are concerned it has none over our previous tickets.

GEN. O. O. HOWARD, the soldier and Christian who has been charged with abusing his high position in the Freedmen's Bureau, is about to be fully exonerated by the report of the Congressional Investigating Committee. The scandal loving correspondents caught the wrong gentleman in their meshes when they attempted to blacken the reputation of one so eminently worthy the confidence of his fellow citizens.

THE great "central Junta," which demanded of President Grant the right to decree the nominations to Federal offices in Western Pennsylvania, announced yesterday that "the delegates were neither office-holders, office-seekers, nor politicians." Messrs. Carnahan, Kirk, Carruthers and Egan were delegates in the Convention and controlled its proceedings. Did they never hold or seek an office? The *Commercial* evidently believes that "the sin of an untruth is in pinching it."

THE DOGMA of Papal Infallibility is still shrouded in much mystery and the outside world knows little of what is going on within the debating halls of the Ecumenical Council. The reluctance on the part of the prelates to adopt this unpopular doctrine is fully evidenced in their tedious consideration of its merits and demerits. Should its friends succeed in securing its adoption there will much trouble arise in the Catholic Church, for the opposition engendered against the unpopular dogma will assume serious proportions.

IT IS a very remarkable fact that notwithstanding the pressing need for reform in the regular Republican party, as asserted by the bolters, the Convention on Wednesday polled respectable votes for Negley (15), Howard (8), Walton (37), Humphreys (13), White (37), Kerr (25), Millar (24), Walter (10). Now all these gentlemen at the present time hold office under election of the regular Republican party. If they are so bad why award them any votes? But more, Joseph Walton and D. N. White were re-nominated to the Legislature. This action goes to show that at the last Republican nominat convention *some* good men at least, in the opinion of the insurgents, were sent to Harrisburg; and it shows the holowness of the cry for reform.

THE COOLEST ASSERTION we have ever heard was that made by *Ring* Master Carnahan in his inaugural before the bolters' convention, on Wednesday, when he said:

"The object is to put the business of making public nominations for the offices under the direction and control of public sentiment. The principal object, I may say, is to bring the masses of the party more actively into the business of making nominations than they hitherto have been."

This, in view of the way the delegates received their appointments to represent the people, in full knowledge that the speaker and a select coterie of friends made and framed the ticket put through the Convention, is about as cool a thing as the atmosphere about the North Pole. Never in the history of our local politics was a greater ring swindle perpetrated on the community, than the nominating in the name of the great Republican party of the ticket put forward on Wednesday, by the self-constituted delegates, who elected themselves or were appointed by a select committee of five to represent the people.

THE WEAKNESS OF THE MOVEMENT.

A glance at the proceedings of the "Independent" Republican Convention will suffice to show any one acquainted with Allegheny politics how utterly weak and contemptible, in point of numbers and political power, is the bolting movement.

There are now 110 election districts in the county. Out of these only 51 were represented in that Convention, in any way, nominal or otherwise, leaving 59 unrepresented districts.

Considering that, wherever the leaders of this movement could find even one man in any district in favor of their bolt they forced him into their Convention, without credentials or any other evidence that he represented any one but himself, the inference is a fair one that there was not one man in any or all of the remaining 59 districts in favor of this attempt to disrupt the Republican party.

Even in the two cities, where men are so accessible, and where the delegates could readily have been obtained if there had been any dissatisfaction with the Republican organization, there were nine districts in which not one man could be found to respond to the call of Carnahan, Kirk & Co., and the same is true of six of the adjacent boroughs—making fifteen districts within a mile or two of the Court House that still present an unbroken Republican party.

But further. Of the fifty-one districts that were *nominally* represented in the Convention, eight were represented by but one man from each, showing that in these eight districts these eight men could find no colleagues—no one to keep them company, and stood absolutely alone. They represented their own eight votes and nothing more.

Of the remaining forty-three districts, *six* were represented by sound, true-blue Republicans, who intend to stand by the ticket to be nominated on the 30th of August next. They went in there in the hope of being able to prevent a disruption, or, failing in that, to secure the nomination of men acceptable to the whole party. They failed to accomplish what they aimed at, but the fact remains that these six districts were *not* represented by bolters, and are not, therefore, to be included in the count of districts containing persons friendly to the disruption movement.

We have thus fifty-nine districts containing not a single bolter, six that were represented in the Convention by old liners, and eight in each of which but one bolter could be found—making 73 out of 110 districts in which but eight disaffected persons could be found.

Let us now dissect the representation of the other 37 districts. In the 3d, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 17th and 22nd wards of Pittsburgh; the first, second precinct of the 4th, 5th and 6th wards of Allegheny, and the townships of Robinson and Scott, no meetings were held and no delegates were appointed. Those who represented these districts in the convention were self-appointed. They represented themselves, and themselves only. Of these eighteen districts we speak from the card. We have made the necessary inquiries, and we may say with all possible confidence that we *know* these things are so. Most probably several others of the remaining nineteen districts were in the same predicament; but as we cannot speak advisedly concerning them, we will concede, for the sake of the argument, that there was a constituency in each of them to represent.

The facts we have brought out may be represented thus, in tabular form:

Districts *not* represented in Convention	59
Districts represented by old liners	6
Districts represented by one self-appointed delegate each	8
Districts represented by two self-appointed delegates	18
Districts represented by delegates with constituencies	19
Total	110

It will thus be seen that only 19 out of 110 districts were really represented in the Convention—less than one-fifth of the county; and the highest vote polled at any one of these was 37; varying from that to 22, 17, 14, 13, 10, and even down to 3. The ward in which the editor of the *Commercial* wields his influence rallied but ten votes to his support.

So weak and insignificant a movement was never begun in Allegheny county. In old times, when the formation of third party tickets was chronic in this county, the bolters could always do better than this. Even John Farrell, with his Agrarian party, could make as good a showing as the "Independents."

A FAILURE.

After the miserable exhibition which the bolters made on Wednesday in their mock convention, our readers, we are sure, will agree with us that it is not worth while to take any further notice of them. Honest and disinterested men have not the least hesitation in pronouncing the whole affair an egregious blunder and most perfect failure. But as the substance of the following remarks was crowded out of yesterday's issue, we purpose this morning to say a very few words.

Every person who looked in upon the convention seems to have been struck with the fact that there was no enthusiasm among the delegates. They were under the influence of no animating spirit. Their lack of enthusiasm to us seems quite natural. There was nothing to quicken, but everything to depress their spirits. The members were the mere representatives of themselves. The people did not delegate them, and had not furnished them even with the complimentary credentials of a vote. We are prepared to prove by one of the delegates that the only credentials he had was a private request made by one of the incorruptible five that he would attend as a member of the Convention. This would not have been so outrageous if both the gentlemen lived in the same district. But they do not. They are citizens of different wards. Could there be enthusiasm among men who held a lie in their right hand, and attempted to impose upon the people by holding themselves forth as their representatives, when the truth is they had delegated one another?

Lack of numbers, too, had a dampening influence on the disorganizers. Their mouth-piece had filled their minds with the hope that the whole people would assemble with them, but the paucity of delegates had a most depressing effect upon them, and the more depressing because of the lofty expectations with which they had been inspired.

Then there was an almost entire absence of the "heavy" men, upon whose "*checks*" they relied more, than upon their influence. We have already given, in these columns, the reasons why these millionaires have not attended any of the meetings of the new party. They will not consent to the obliteration of the lines which separate Republicanism from Democracy. But we have been assured that there are other reasons assigned by them. It is alleged that they have declared they would not follow in the lead of "dolts," "vulgar upstarts," and designing men, whose only object is to form a ring by the force of which they hope to be elevated to offices of trust and emolument, and made distinguished. These declarations have sorely disheartened the would-be leaders.

That there were some very honest and respectable men in the Convention—men who would not accept either of an office or a bribe—we are willing to admit. But it is evident that the men of this stamp who were present, had no sympathy with those who are fomenting strife and division in the party. This some of them evinced by publicly withdrawing from the room, earnestly protesting as they made their egress against the tyranny and hypocrisy of the Committee of five men who had "set up" the delegates and "packed" the Convention! Others showed it by quietly withdrawing, giving utterance to their friends as they took their departure, to such declarations as the following: "We have got enough of reform of that kind. That is the worst ring ever we got into. Tyranny and corruption of the worst kind reign supreme there." The withdrawal of such men was sufficient to superinduce the terror of political death.

Those praters have been complaining bitterly of the tyranny of executive committees and the one man power. But both were heartily endorsed by them in deliberate convention on Wednesday. The chairman was solely entrusted with the power of appointing an executive committee of twenty-one, who were authorized "to fill any vacancies occurring in the ticket nominated." This looks likes a reformation of abuses!

But what is meant by filling "vacancies that may occur in the ticket?" Does the power of filling vacancies which has been vested in the Executive Committee indicate that the gentlemen nominated would not accept? We are of the opinion that most of them have more respect for themselves and the Republican party, than to accept of a nomination from men upon whose every act in connection with the movement, from its first inception till the present time, fraud has been inscribed in flaming characters.

The "Committee" are "to fill vacancies." Well, this will be no greater act of tyranny and usurpation than the five men have been guilty of who nominated and elected delegates from every district where they could find any that they could flatter or coerce into their service. By way of reforming existing abuses everything is to be done by a committee, so that the people may be relieved from all trouble and anxiety. Everything will be safe in the hands of the Chairman. Blessed as he is with great flexibility of political intellect, he can with equal ease pronounce an eulogy on the loyal and immortal Lincoln, or the renegade and treacherous Johnson. The people are safe in the hands of the chairman and the committee he may appoint.

The revolutionists have brought a heavy charge against the Republican Executive Committee because they did not call the Convention for an earlier day. One objector and the principal one no doubt, in postponing the Convention till the latter end of August, was that a better attendance might be secured of the country delegates. These are the very persons whom the bolters don't want. Men coming from the rural districts are honest and free from political chicanery. That the bolters might get rid of the inculbus of men of upright character from the country, they held their Convention in the very midst of harvest time. But all their manuvering and trickery will avail nothing. Those delegates from the country who attended the convention on Wednesday, did not go away very favorably impressed with the sincerity and disinterestedness of the men by whom they had been cajoled to leave their farms, and come to the city to drive the ploughshare of reform through the corruptions that abound in the politics of the county. We venture to say that many of these men will be ashamed to acknowledge they were at the convention at all, and will endeavor to make a new cradle, or machine knife, serve as an excuse for coming to "the Pit" at this particular time.

We have made the above remarks for the sole purpose of preventing our friends from being imposed upon by the false representations that have been given of the "gratifying progress" of the new party. The Convention has been a complete failure.

REPUBLICANS, THINK!

Ever since the first outgiving that there existed within the ranks of the Republican party a band of conspirators engaged in plotting its overthrow and destruction, the *Post*, with true political tact and sagacity, has labored hard to ripen the rebellion by encouraging the rebels. It vied with its less formidable anti-Republican contemporary, in denouncing the leaders of the party, the administration of National, State and local affairs, and called as loud as the loudest for "reform" in our household. Its part of the programme to disintegrate and ruin the Republican party has been well and faithfully performed, and although not altogether pleased with the no very flattering result as witnessed in the usurping convention and its action, it now shows its hand and patiently awaits to pull the fruit of the disaffection it has helped the *Commercial* to bring about, in a Democratic victory in old Allegheny county. After referring to the action of the renegade Republican convention, the *Post* says:

"It will be the duty of the Democratic party, to use all honorable means to defeat both of them, for to sympathize with one as against the other, would simply be to jump out of the frying pan into the fire.

"Hence we call upon our Democratic friends to stand aloof from both factions, and allow them to quarrel and fight out their own battles in their own way."

Thoughtful *Post!* It is willing that the fat oyster of success should fall into the stomach of its party, while the shells are left to the contending Republicans. Will good and true men be deceived in lending any respectable support to the third party when the game is so transparent on the part of disaffected Republicans and Democratic leaders to accomplish that which could not be effected in any honorable or legitimate manner? That Democratic and other influences, which we will hereafter show, have been brought to bear in this locality to bring about the ruin of the predominate party, is now a matter of no doubt whatever. Will any sane citizen be caught in the trap? Now is the time for calm thought and dispassionate consideration. The bolters have done their utmost. They have put forward a ticket for Republican support. They will get some votes. How many? Certainly not enough to elect any one of their candidates, but they might in some instances carry enough thoughtless and indifferent people with them to secure a partial Democratic victory, and to impair the success of the entire party throughout the Commonwealth. Hence, it follows, that each and every vote cast with the bolters is virtually a blow at the regular Republican organization and a ballot in favor of Democratic rule. The candid voter—imbued with the principles held and advocated by the party that wiped out the curse of slavery, fought and crushed rebellion, lifted an oppressed race from bondage, and clothed them in the full rights of citizenship, spanned the continent with railways, brought peace, happiness and contentment to our whole people, preserving all the while the most peaceful relations with the outside world, and finally the party that is now faithfully and zealously collecting the revenues and discharging the great war debt of the nation—if he would only pause, think and consider the consequences of a misplaced vote at a critical time like this, he would cling more tenaciously than ever to the great Republican party. We have confidence in the people. Thus far they have religiously shunned the disorganizers and so they will continue to do till the last of the political rebels and traitors are buried in the grave of oblivion where a Republican triumph will consign them next fall.

THE GERMAN SENTIMENT.

In speaking of the third party movement the *Volksblatt*, an able German contemporary, says:

There is no objection to be made to the principles of the reformers. But the bolters have seized upon a *false remedy* with which to cure the evil. Above all things, as we have already said, should they have waited to see what the Republican county convention would do, before they rebelled against a (real or supposed) wrong. Then the organization of a third party was the most foolish thing they could have done. Even if this third party had unfolded any strength at all, it could have done nothing further than split the Republican party and thus give the victory to the Democrats. But now we must confess that after the proofs we have received, the Democratic party of Allegheny county has no claims to the character of a reform party. It is not our taste to jump out of the frying pan into the fire. And finally, the programme of the so called reform party is so muddled and its composition so mixed that we do not find it at all to our taste. One can call any thing "Reform," but if it be really an *improvement* is another question.

For these reasons we have kept our distance from the thing, and given our friends the same advice. The Republican party ought now to show that it can correct its own failures, and wash its own dirty linen within its own family. It ought to select the best men within it for the public offices.

A Card from Hon. Thomas Howard.

PITTSBURGH, July 7, 1870.

MESSRS. EDITORS OF GAZETTE—Gentlemen: I see by the papers of this morning that my name was before the Republican Reform Convention that met yesterday, as a candidate for State Senate. I desire to say that I never authorized any person to use my name in that Convention. It is well known that I am a candidate for re-nomination for State Senate by the regularly called Republican Convention that meets in August. I should very much regret any action on the part of our party friends that would disturb the harmony and unity of the Republican party. As this is the year of the census, and apportionment of the State, it is of the highest importance that our party should be united. The loss of two State Senators will place that body in the hands of our opponents. Respectfully yours,

THOS. HOWARD.

A Card from Geo. D. Riddle.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please allow me to say through your columns that my name was used before the Convention of yesterday without my consent, and that I was in no way connected with the movement. However, return thanks to my friends who were in the Convention for the complimentary vote given me, and hereby announce that I am a candidate for Prothonotary of Allegheny county, subject to the regular Republican County Convention.

Yours respectfully,

GEO. D. RIDDLE.

Outrage in Arizona.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* says the devilish Indians opened the summer campaign last week in a vigorous way. Friday afternoon last, after our paper had gone to press, they made a descent upon a herd of fifty-seven cattle belonging to A. G. Dunn, of this place, wounded the herder, a Mr. Taylor, in the hand, and started the cattle at a brisk run for the mountains. This outrage was committed in open day, at a place about midway between Fort Whipple and Prescott, and not over half a mile from either place. Upon being wounded the herder ran to Mr. Dunn's house and gave the alarm. Word was immediately sent to Fort Whipple, and a force of cavalry, led by Lieut. J. C. Graham, was at once dispatched after the robbers. In the meantime, Messrs. Dunn, Griffin, and others set out on the trail. By night thirty-seven head of cattle were recaptured and driven back to town. Next morning six more were found, five of which number were dead, having been slain by the savages. One, a heifer, which the Indians had wounded and partly skinned, was still alive when found by Messrs. Dunn and Griffin. Lieut. Graham and men kept on after the savages, never stopping until they had reached the Agua Frio Ranch. The Lieutenant then sent some of his men back to Whipple for rations, which were immediately sent him. He then started toward Black Canon, near which place he succeeded in killing two Indians and destroying a rancheria containing a large quantity of mescal. He is still out, and it is hoped that he may strike some more of the savages. The Indians got away with twelve head of cattle, killing six, and left Mr. Dunn with thirty-nine head. This is not the first time the red devils have robbed Dunn.

Infallibility.

"The most faithful adherents of the Curia among the German and French Bishops struggle against the new dogma. Cardinal Schwarzenberg has uselessly declared that in Bohemia the Catholics will be driven first to schism and then to Protestantism. Ketteler of Mayence has shown that a revolution must follow this forced centralization in the Church; Dupanloup and Darboy have proved that moral unanimity is necessary in a decree of the Council; the English Bishop, Clifford, has stated that the bitterest enemies of the Church in England hope for the proclamation of the dogma. Simor, Primate of Hungary, a devoted friend of the Holy Chair, as well as the Roumanian Archpishop Joh. have condemned the doctrine; Vansza of Siebenburgen has declared that the announcement of the fatal dogma would drive his nation out of the Church; but all these protestations are of no avail. The doctrine has found its zealous defenders in Cardinal Cullen of Dublin, Manning of Westminster, and Deschamps of Malinas, fanatics who do not hesitate to call their opponents bad Christians, wavering members of the Church, and men of doubtful orthodoxy. To the fanatical party also belong nearly all the 276 Italian Bishops and the 43 Cardinals, 120 Archbishops and Bishops *in partibus*, with 51 Abbots and Superiors of Orders. Now, if all the 265 Bishops in the rest of Europe were perfectly unanimous, and firmly resolved to emancipate themselves from the tutelege of the Papacy—which is far from being the case—they would still be outvoted by the Bishops of the Italian peninsula alone. What the decision of the Council will be cannot therefore be doubtful."

A Remarkable Shirt.

Editors have a first rate time in Texas. The ladies of a town out there have given to the editor of the paper an embroidered shirt which contains a pictorial history of Texas, including the war with Mexico, and the meeting of the first Legislature, and also pictures of the fruits and cereals of the State, all worked in red worsted. The editor never wore a shirt in his life, and he thought it was a banner for the temperance procession which was to come off the next week. So he made a little speech of thanks, in which he said he would "fling it out forever to the breezes of heaven, that they might kiss its folds, and that until his hand palsied it should never be trailed in the dust—never!" The ladies didn't understand him, and when he talked about its trailing they blushed, and said they were very sorry they made it too long. But a committeeman took the editor aside and explained the shirt to him in a whisper, and the next day he appeared at the office with that shirt mounted over his coat and wrote four columns of explanation for his paper. The shirt is much admired by the boys of the town, and whenever the editor goes out for a walk they follow him in regiments, studying the history of Texas and the fine arts off the back of it.

An Unfortunate Centenarian.

[From the Buffalo Express, July 4.]

Yesterday Mrs. Jane Larkin, aged one hundred and six years, born in county Mayo, Ireland, was roaming the streets in search of employment. She arrived in this country some seventeen months since, having been sent for by her children, who preceeded her to this country. These children consisted of four sons, who after their arrival here accumulated sufficient money to send for their mother and provide for her support. But sad to relate, between the day of her sailing and the present time, three of these young men have met with a violent death, and the fourth, it is feared, has shared the same fate. One of the boys was killed in an elevator in this city, another on a steamboat plying between Cincinnati and St. Louis, the third in a railroad collision, while the fourth, who left the city a while since for the West, has not since been heard from. The old lady is very active, and seems to be competent to earn her living, and her misfortunes will yet excite the sympathy of some charitable person as far as to give her a home, even if her energy does not procure it for her.

A MOST unusual occurrence took place in Paris a few days ago. Some young mother, desiring to keep her conscience clear of infanticide, and yet dispose of her child, bethought herself of a most poetical method of throwing her offspring on the mercy of the world. Baby was tucked up in a little car and sent up in a parachute for the winds to carry where they listed. What goes up must come down, and the miniature balloon with its precious freight finally alighted in the streets of Paris, with its contents as fresh, if not as welcome, as the flowers of May. The winds had been merciful to the infant, and a label attached signified that it had been committed to the care of Providence. The Empress is said to have adopted the little waif, and placed it in one of the charitable institutions of Paris.

DICKENS IN CAMP.

BY F. BRETT HARTE.

Above the pines the moon was slowly drifting,
The river sang below;
The dim sierras, far beyond, uplifting,
Their minarets of snow;

The roaring campfire, with rude humor, painted
The ruddy hints of health
On haggard face and form that drooped and fainted
In the fierce race for wealth;

Till one arose, and from his pack's scant treasure
A hoarded volume drew,
And cards were dropped from hands to listless leisure
To hear the tale anew.

And then, while round them shadows gathered faster,
And as the fire-light fell,
He read aloud the book wherein the Master
Had writ of "Little Nell."

Perhaps 'twas boyish fancy—for the reader
Was youngest of them all—
But, as he read, from clustering pine and cedar
A silence seemed to fall:

The fir-trees gathering closer in the shadows,
Listened in every spray,
While the whole camp, with "Nell" on English meadows
Wandered and lost their way.

And so in mountain solitudes—o'ertaken
As by some spell divine—
Their cares dropped from them like the needles shaken
From out the rugty pine.

Lost is that camp, and wasted all that fire;
And he who wrought that spell?—
Ah, towering pine and stately Kentish spire,
Ye have one tale to tell!

Lost is that camp, but let its fragrant story
Blend with the breath that thrills
With hop-vines' incense all the pensive glory
That fills the Kentish hills.

And on that grave where English oak and holly,
And laurel wreaths entwine,
Deem it not all a too pre-sumptuous folly—
This spray of Western pine!

—*Overland Monthly.*

THE Louisville *Commercial* says Judge Craig, in charging the grand jury the other day, in a lengthy speech, pompously remarked, "Kentuckians are an imperial race!' They have always set their faces against law-breaking and law-breakers!" In recalling the scores of murderers and villains that have gone unhung and unpunished in this city, in the past few years, we are at a loss to reconcile this assertion with the facts. It may be that Kentuckians are so imperial, and have set their faces against law-breakers to such an extent that they are unwilling to have anything to do with a criminal beyond acquitting him, and leaving him to the terrible burden of a guilty conscience. In the meantime, a chap that can't see it so finely, might be inclined to exclaim, "Bosh!"

MINERAL WATERS.

MINERAL WATERS OF EVERY KIND.
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SOLD

AT THE LOWEST PRICES AT

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S

DRUG STORE,

Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Streets.

A BROADSIDE FOR HUMBUGS.

Incompetence and assurance generally go hand in hand, and of all the tribes of pretentious knownothings with which society is afflicted, the unscientific "medicine men" who attempt to tamper with the health of the community are the most dangerous and the most impudent.

So much by way of Text. Now for a special and particular application.

It appears that a mushroom growth of so-called "Bitters" is springing up under different names in various localities, particularly in the Southern and Western States, which the venders have the hardihood to recommend to easy-going people, upon whom they think they can impose, as a substitute for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, long recognized by every class as the purest and best medicated stimulant and invigorant the world affords.

The concoctions referred to being composed of worthless material, offer a larger margin for profit than that Celebrated Tonic, and hence the anxiety of dollar worshipping dealers to foist them upon the public in its place.

But "forewarned is forearmed," and all parties whom these distinguished (!) beings are endeavoring to coax and inveigle into substituting trash for a standard remedy, are hereby informed of the selfish and sordid motives which underlie the representations in question.

The great popularity and vast sales of Hostetter's Bitters cannot, of course, be seriously impaired by these "tricks of trade," but as the debilitated and suffering have a direct interest in the matter, it is only an act of common humanity to put them on their guard.

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STEAM ENGINES,

IRON AND WOOD WORKING

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Steam Pumps,

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Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,

72 SMITHFIELD STREET Pittsburgh.

my17:x5

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MANUFACTURER OF

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JAMES RENO,

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The laying of Stone Pipe House Drains promptly executed.

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All sizes of India Rubber Tubing, constantly on hand, at

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Je6 Agents for this city.

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GOOD BARGAINS IN NEW AND

Desirable Dry Goods.

BLACK SILKS,

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Very Low Prices!

DRESS GOODS.

Plain and Plaid Japanese Silks.
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Lawns, Herganies, Grenadines.
Brown and Drab Dress Linens, very cheap.

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Striped and Figured Piques.
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Light Percales and Chintzes, at popular prices.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

CASSIMERES,

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Light Summer Shawls,

At Attractive Prices,

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REDUCTION.

Regardless of Cost!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

AT

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Spring and Summer Goods,

SUCH AS

Shetland Shawls,
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Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.

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Have on hand all the latest novelties in Fine Jewelry, also Silver Pieces and Fine Plated Ware of new designs, suitable for wedding gifts.

Watches of all the American makers in gold and silver cases. Both Key and Pendant Winders constantly on hand, as well as a full variety of the finer grades of the Swiss Watch, including Jurgensen, Jacot, Perregaux, and others.

We call particular attention to our facilities for repairing and regulating fine Watches. To that branch of our business we give special care.

Orders by mail promptly filled. Designs of any goods sent in drawings by mail at request.

my16:w99

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65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.

Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.

my7:w61

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ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

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Sheeting and Batting.

GRAND RE-OPENING

NEW GOODS.

Shoes, Boots and Gaiters,

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HENRY PAULUS',

No. 124 OHIO AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY.

The undersigned has again taken possession of his old place, and stocked it with a rich assortment of BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS.

Goods as well as prices will give satisfaction. Former patrons and the public are invited to visit.

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A large and full assortment constantly on hand.

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Self Inking. Self Dating. Cuts the Stamp.

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ICE CREAM.

The undersigned has established the above business in the very convenient location, No. 287 WESTERN AVENUE, Allegheny, one-half block from the Park, where he is prepared to supply all orders in his line. His saloon is handsomely fitted up for the consumers of ice cream, who will find it very convenient to the Park. Satisfaction warranted in goods, attendance and prices. The public patronage is solicited.

my27:x59 WM. A. RHODES.

C. BARNES,

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No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

TO STEAM BOILER MAKERS.

Proposals will be received by the Board of Prison Inspectors of Allegheny county, for TWO STEAM BOILERS, set in place ready for use, including the Steam Pipe Attachments thereto, for warming new Jails and the Court House Extension. Specifications can be seen at the office of BARR & MOSER, No. 2 Sixth street. Bids to be sealed, directed to Prison Inspectors, and left with the Controller at 4 o'clock P. M., FRIDAY, the 9th inst.

jn8

NOTICE.—Any information of JOSEPH COPELAND who, about 25 years ago, emigrated from the County Down, Ireland, to the vicinity of Pittsburgh, Pa., or of WM. COPELAND, brother of said Joseph Copeland, then living near Pittsburgh, Pa., will confer a favor by addressing LOUIS RING, this office. jn6:x56

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2 bales Cotton.
8 sacks Wool.

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A GOOD STOCK OF

Sash and Bow Ribbons,

Hats, Bonnets,

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At 12½c. Ladies' and Misses' Hats.
At 75c., full sized Lama Shawls.
At $1.00, Silk Parasols, worth $1.75.
At 6¼c., Fast Colored Calicos.
At 8½c., Light and Dark Calicoes.
At 10c., all the Best Makes of Calicos.
At $1.00 for 9 yards Chintz Calicos.
At 12½c. 4-4 Bleached Muslin, a superior article.
At 12½c., Fast Colored Lawns.
At 12½c., Printed Challie and Alpacas.
At 25c., Double Width Chene Mohairs, a bargain.

Gloves and Hosiery,

Green and Blue Kid Gloves.
Black and Colored Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hose.
Men and Boys' Half Hose.

LADIES' AND GENTS'

Summer Underwear.

Collars, Cuffs and Neckties.
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Hoop Skirts and Skeleton Corsets.
Ladies' and Children's Aprons and Suits.
Hair Switches and Chignons.
Jet Jewelry, Pocket Books, Satchels, &c.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

On a Par with Gold!

WE NOW OFFER

Our New Stock

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AT

EASTERN PRICES.

BUYERS ARE INVITED TO

Examine our Goods & Prices

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SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street.

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Copying Presses.

WHEEL PRESSES.
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LETTER SIZE PRESSES.
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CAMEL'S HAIR COPYING BRUSHES.
WATER BOWLS, CHINA AND IRON.

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BUY THE GENUINE.

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SPOOL COTTON.

GEO. A. CLARK,

SOLE AGENT.

Sold Everywhere.

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FINE WATCHES

BAILEY & Co

12TH & CHESTNUT ST,

PHILADELPHIA.

Perfection Timers.

The reputation and experience of 40 years, warrant us in saying that our stock of Fine Timekeepers of the best European and American Makers is now the largest in the country; and we guarantee that each Watch we sell, is finished with great mechanical precision, has all the late improvements, and will run regularly, well, and give satisfaction.

Inquiries promptly replied to.

Watches forwarded by Express for approval.

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IMPROVED

CHERRY SEEDER.

It has been in use for the last six years, and never failed in an single instance to give entire satisfaction to the purchaser.

When run to its full capacity, it will seed a bushel of Cherries in 20 minutes.

The Machine is Cheap, Simple, Durable and Handsome.

The Hopper is adjustable, thereby adapting it to all sized Cherries.

It is the best Cherry Seeder in the Market. No exception.

All orders addressed to

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 Wood Street,

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Will be Filled at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Je11

JOSEPH R. HUNTER,

Merchandize Broker,

250 LIBERTY STREET,

(Academy of Music Building.)

Je23:y28 PITTSBURGH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOAN

of the

Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Co.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad

is completed and running from RICHMOND, VA., to the celebrated WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in West Virginia, 227 miles. It is being rapidly extended to the Ohio river, 200 miles further making in all 427 miles.

In its progress Westward, it penetrates and opens up to market the WONDERFUL COAL DEPOSITS OF THE KANAWHA REGION IN WEST VIRGINIA. And thus brings the superior and abundant Goals of that section into communication with the IRON ORES OF VIRGINIA AND OHIO, and the WESTERN, SOUTH WESTERN AND EASTERN MARKETS.

When completed it will connect the SUPERIOR HARBOR FACILITIES OF THE CHESAPEAKE BAY with reliable navigation on the Ohio river, and thus with the ENTIRE SYSTEM OF RAILROAD AND WATER TRANSPORTATION OF THE GREAT WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

It will make a SHORT, EASY, CHEAP and FAVORABLE ROUTE from the WEST to the SEA and will command a LARGE SHARE OF THE ENORMOUS FREIGHTS seeking transportation to the coast.

It will thus become one of the most IMPORTANT AND PROFITABLE EAST AND WEST TRUNK LINES OF RAILROAD in the country, and command a trade of immense value.

The completed portion of the Road is doing a PROFITABLE AND INCREASING BUSINESS, and is fully equal in value to the whole amount of the mortgage upon the entire Line—($15,000,000.)

The loan of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, being a FIRST MORTGAGE UPON THE ENTIRE LINE, PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENTS, W

FINANCIAL.

GOLD, SILVER,

AND

COUPONS

Bought at Highest Price.

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER,

Cor. Wood St. and 5th Ave.

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Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at low-est RATES. Drafts,

☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 7.—Money easy at 3@4 per cent. on call. Sterling quiet and steady at 9⅜@9⅞. Gold heavy and lower; opened at 112⅜; closed 111⅝@111⅞. Carrying rates 1@3 per cent. Clearances $61,000,000.

Governments heavy and lower under the theory that the Secretary of the Treasury would have little or no money to purchase bonds with if he redeems the three per cent. certificates with the surplus revenue. Coupons '81 114½@114⅝; '82 111½@111⅝; '65 111⅝; '65 111⅝; new 110@110¼; '67 110⅝@110⅞; '68 110⅝@110⅞; 10-40's 108⅛@108⅜; currency 114½@114⅝. The Treasurer bought a $1,000,000, in coin, but at 114⅝.

State securities dull; Tennessee's strong; Missouri's 91⅝; Old Tennessee's 66⅝; new 65; Old North Carolina's 52½; new 36.

Stocks dull but steady. Lake Shore and New York Central, unaffected by the partial injunction, are strong.

Canton, 68; Cumberland, 30; Western Union Telegraph, 84; Quicksilver, 7; Mariposa, 6¼; do preferred, 16¼; Adams Express, 68; Wells, 15⅝; American, 44¾; United States, 46½; Pacific Mail, 41⅝; New York Central, 99½; Reading, 94⅛; Erie, 22⅜; do preferred, 43; Hudson, 139½; Reading, 102½; Michigan Central, 91¾; Lake Shore, 100; Illinois Central, 138½; Pittsburgh, 109¾; Northwestern, 85; do. preferred, 88⅝; Rock Island, 107; New Jersey Central, 105; Illinois, 96⅝; do. leased line, 81⅜; Wabash 57⅜; do. preferred, 75; Fort Wayne, 96; Terre Haute, 35 asked; do. preferred, 63 asked; Chicago, 117; do. preferred, 118¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 35½; C. C. & I. C., 81⅜; Burlington, 101; Hartford & Erie, 4; do. 30.

Sub-Treasury balance: gold, $72,609,474; currency, $12,321,587.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } THURSDAY, July 7, 1870. }

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz:

Gold	111	American	
Silver	108	Western Union	
1881 Bonds	111	N. Y. Central	99
5-20 Bonds 1862	111	Reading	102
5-20 Bonds 1864	111	Ft. W. & C.	95
5-20 Bonds 1865	110	Ohio & Miss.	35⅜
Consols 1865	110	Mich. Southern	100¼
5-20 Bonds 1867	110	Cleveland & P.	
5-20 Bonds 1868	110	C. R. I. & P.	109½
10-40	108	Chicago & N. W.	82⅝
Adams Express	68	C. & N. W. Pref.	88⅜
Merchants U. Ex.	—	Certs.	

	Large.	Small.
London Exchange per pound	5.47	5.52
Paris Exchange per franc	5.28⅜	5.23
Berlin Exchange per Thaler	82	83
Frankfort Exchange per Florin	47⅜	49
Central Pacific R. R. Bonds	—	—
Union P. R. R. Bonds	87	88

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	111	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	109⅝
U. S. 6s, 1881	111⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	110⅛
U. S. 5-20 1862	111⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	110⅛
U. S. 5-20 1864	111⅜	C. P. R. R.	87⅜
U. S. 5-20 1865	111⅜	C. P. R. R.	92⅝
U. S. 10-40	108⅜	Cy. Pacifics	104

PITTSBURGH CATTLE MARKET.

EAST LIBERTY STOCK YARDS, } THURSDAY, July 7, 1870. }

CATTLE.

The receipts and sales of cattle were large this week, nearly double those of last week, and while the market was more active and strong, there is no advance in prices. The offerings consisted mainly of light steers, usually termed "stockers," but there was not much inquiry for this grade of cattle, as there were but very few country buyers in attendance, nor could it be expected in the middle of harvests, when their time and attention is more important at home than anywhere else. Good shipping cattle were in brisk demand and sold readily at full prices, say 7¾@8, and prime at 8¼. Stockers may be fairly quoted at 4½@5¼.

The following are the rates of freight from Chicago eastward on live stock:

Fifty dollars per car to Buffalo is the nominal rate by the Central and Southern road, and $55 to New York by the Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne. The New York Central charges $40 per car for cattle, and $44 for hogs and sheep from Buffalo to New York, while the Erie is still carrying at $100 per car.

The sales of cattle during the week ending at noon to-day, footed up nearly two thousand head against eight hundred head for the week preceding, showing a very large increase.

FRIDAY, JULY 1.

	No.	Wgt.	Price.
H L & Co to Lamb	17	19,750	7 62
" " Duffy	40	36,889	5 50
SATURDAY, JULY 2.			
H Herst to Ritter	42	40,260	6 70
" " Kauffman	23	17,950	5 60
H & B to Klemans & A	59	55,050	6 25
" " Marks	26	19,330	5 62
MONDAY, JULY 4.			
H & T to Klemans & A.	19	16,890	6 25
H L & Co to Nettles & Co.	21	18,280	5 50
TUESDAY, JULY 5.			
H L & Co to Hedges & Taylor	34	41,610	8 12
" " Rambo	10	8,670	6 50
" " Hedges & T	16	19,500	7 65
" " Rambo	4	3,170	7 25
" " Gillett & Co	36	39,500	6 85
" "	18	19,340	6 62
" " Livenstein	17	18,550	7 40
Bush to Cony & McPherson	34	39,730	7 50
WEDNESDAY, JULY 6.			
Voelter & B to Cony & McP	42	43,070	8 50
Schran	60	80,240	8 75
Musser	47	56,260	8 62
Campbell to Voelter & B	70	83,170	8 62
Newton to Lamb	16	19,780	8 50
Adams to Miller	53	57,090	8 37
" " Livenstein	34	37,580	8 12
Marvin to Hartzell	22	17,180	6 00
Messenger, H & Co to Buch	16	16,450	7 75
" Scott to Cony & McP	36	37,440	8 25
Moss to	32	41,960	8 50
Voelter & B to Fulker	19	20,280	7 50
Robinson to Withers	17	18,960	7 50
Elliott to Livenstein	17	20,500	7 75
Barey & K to Lamb	16	19,220	8 00
Thompson & F to Miller	34	41,000	8 25
" "	34	37,810	7 50
Cook & Sharp to Hedges & T	17	20,450	7 25
Robinson & Cook to H & T	16	20,130	7 75
" "	34	36,680	7 50
Keller & F to Miller	18	21,500	8 00
J Evans to Miller	18	23,030	8 50
H D Evans to Miller	19	21,295	7 87
Clark & Klemans & A	16	18,900	8 00
H, L & Co. to Black & S	88	83,800	7 37
" " Adams & Co.	38	39,090	8 50
" "	20	19,430	5 75
" " Keets.	19	17,400	
" " Livenstock	20	19,270	6 50
" " McArdle	17	19,950	
" " Graff Marks.	40	43,490	7 20
" " Briggs	38	41,320	8 12
" " Hawk	38	18,150	4 75
" " Braddigan	20	19,800	
H & B to Mozzer	32	39,630	6 80
" " Duff	18	16,450	5 50
" " McFillen	13	18,750	8 00
" " Klemans & A	7	7,250	4 37
" " Mains	17	18,500	7 62
" "	18	19,320	6 50
Hedges & T to Malus	18	19,520	6 12
" " Hunrsberger	19	20,650	7 50
" " Kaufman	34	41,270	8 00
H & B to Lamb	47	56,650	8 62
" " Baker	5	3,780	
H, L & Co. to Huntsberger	20	18,860	5 75
" " Yohn	46	52,280	5 00
" " Baker	45	37,750	5 25
" " Klemans & Auil	45	37,750	5 25
" "	6	4,950	5 25
Ward to Evans	34	38,880	8 00
Campbell to Huntsberger	17	18,360	7 75
Crawford to Braddigan	20	20,780	7 00
Jacobs to Lutz	17	18,700	8 00

SHEEP.

The arrivals of sheep were not large, but the demand was only moderate, and while there were buyers for all that was offered, prices are no better than last week, ranging from 4@6 cts. There was but one sale at 6, one at 5.90, and another at 5.80, and the balance sold at from that down to 4 cts. The offerings were mainly of an inferior grade, and, consequently, prime fat sheep sold quicker and at relatively better prices than the commoner grades.

HOGS.

The Hog market has been more active this week, there having been a marked improvement in the demand but there is no change to make in quotations. Philadelphia Hogs may be quoted at 9¼@9¾, and Yorkers at 9@9¼.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Hogs active and 10@15c lower; $8.50@9.10 for common to extra. Cattle moderately active; common and medium grades 15@25c lower; $4.75@5.87½ for common cows to choice smooth steers.

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—Cattle—best qualities are stiff and the prices range at 2½@3½c for inferior to common; 4@5c for medium to good; 5¾@6c for prime to choice. Hogs steady at 7¾ to 9c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The market is somewhat decreased; the only changes to-day are Mignehan 4-4 ticks reduced from 34 to 32½c; Western World 4-4 brown sheetings from 10¾ to 10; Jewett's Mills Canabergs from 20 to 18c.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } THURSDAY, July 7, 1870. }

The Chicago *Republican*, in commenting, editorially, on the crop prospects, says the crop prospects in the Northwestern States, which, up to a recent period were quite flattering, having suffered serious diminution from the late period of intense heat. We have before pointed out that the section suffering from scant rains, was of quite a limited area in these States, but within two weeks drought has prevailed over a large portion of the territory and inflicted great damage. The wheat crop of Minnesota and parts of Wisconsin, supposed to nearly out of danger, has been badly shrunk in the berry, and the yield promises to be light and inferior in quality. Corn has stood the torrid season better, but the effects of deficient moisture are very visible. Oats are short in the straw, but the grain does not seem to have been much effected. Potatoes, unless in favored localities, will be short, while hay and all classes of fodder for stock will be scarce and bear a high price."

In the commercial department of the same paper, we find the following remarks which is well be seen that they do not tally very well together. "The weather is cool, and more rain is threatened. Advices from various sections report copious showers within the past ten days, and fears entertained of a drought have been expelled; the prospects of a large yield of all the cereals never being being better than now."

APPLES—The arrival are only moderate, and with a steady demand, prices are strong and fully sustained. We continue to quote at $4@5 per bbl.

ASHES—Unchanged; common soda ash, 4; refined, 4½; Pearls 9@9½; Pots 7¾.

BUTTER—We have no change in shipping demand for good packed, with sales at 16@17. Choice butter may be quoted at 19@20.

CHEESE—Store prices: Eastern, No. 1, $4,50; No. 2, $4; No. 3, $3.50; Common, $2.00@3.

BROOM CORN—Sales at 12½@13 cts.

BEANS—Dull; $2.60@4.75 per bush.

CHEESE—Continues very dull owing in part to the hot weather, though prices are unchanged. We quote Eastern at 13@14, as to quality.

CHICKENS—In better supply and lower; we now quote at 60@65 cts per pair by the coop.

CORNMEAL—95@$1 per bushel.

CEMENT—Sales of Louisville Hydraulic at $2.60 from store.

CARBON OIL—The demand is light but the market is firmer at 24c for standard brands, in bond or duty paid.

DRIED FRUIT—There is little or no stock in this market, and besides there is not much inquiry for them as the season is about over. Apples at 4@5 cts; Peaches, 8@9 for quarters and 7@8 for halves.

EGGS—The market is rather better under the influence of continued light receipts. Dull prices are higher; we are reported sales of fresh at 12@13 cts.

FEATHERS—Quiet and unchanged, at 80@85 cts, to the trade.

FLOUR—The demand is light and entirely local while prices are unchanged. We continue to quote good western flours, in store, at $6.50@7 per bbl, and fancy at $7@7.50.

GRAIN—The offerings of wheat are not so large, and the arrivals, too have commenced to fall off, but the supply seems to be equal to the demand, and the mills are represented as being pretty well stocked. We continue to quote red at $1.30@1.35, and white at $1.40@1.50, as to quality. Oats continue dull, and with every prospect of another big crop the bulk of the receipts are reported as being in good condition, now begin to feel like unloading and others regret that they did not sell some time ago, when we quoted 75@80 cts per bbl, but more than they can get now. There may yet be an improvement before the new crop is ready for market, but it is doubtful. We now quote at 48@49, in first hands, buyers furnishing sacks. Corn is in good demand, and 2@3m in store. Corn is dull and unchanged; $8@88, for prime to prime yellow. Rye, also, dull and neglected. We heard of an offer to buy 3 cars at 90 free on board, which is equal to about 88 on track; dealers are still paying 85, in first hands for all they can get. Barley is also dull and nominally held at 80c, and 90c, bid for No. 1 State. Rye unchanged. Barley nominal. Petroleum very quiet; crude $3.50@5.50 per barrel; refined —sales at 24c. per gallon, dealers asking 24½c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—Flour dull and prices nearly maintained; Northwestern extra family $5.75@6.25; Wheat steady; Pennsylvania red $1.45. Rye quiet; State $1.05@1.10. Corn less active and fixed western $1@1.03. Oats unchanged. Provisions firm. Pork $30.50. Lard 19@19½c. Petroleum firmer, crude 18½c in barrels, 24½c in bulk; sales 7,000 bbls refined, July delivery, at 27½c; 3,000 bbls last half August, at 27¾c. Whiskey dull at 93@96c.

Baltimore

BALTIMORE, July 7.—Flour quiet and steady with sales western superfine at $5.50@5.62½; extra $6.25@6.75; family $6.75@7.25. Wheat dull and lower, and receipts of new increasing; western $1.30@1.38. Corn irregular; prime white $1.20 and yellow $1.05@1.08. Oats dull at 60@ 62c. Pork quiet; mess $30.75@31. Bacon firm and more active; shoulders 14½c; rib sides 17½c; clear rib 17¾@17¾c. Lard 19c. Whisky in fair demand at 96@98.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS July 7.—Cotton in demand at 18½; receipts 83 bales, exports 31 bales. Flour nominal. Corn and Oats dull. Bacon—shoulders 12½; sides 16@16½.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, July 7.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull and a shade lower; No. 1 white Michigan $1.41; amber Michigan $1.28, No. 1 red $1.30@1.31; No. 2 do. $1.26½. Corn dull and unchanged; No. 1 at 88½; No. 2 at 86½. Oats quiet and a shade lower; No. 1 57c, No. 2 56c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 7th.—Flour nominal. Wheat quiet, at $1.12½ for No. 1, $1.07½ for No. 2, Coarse Grains nominal. Freights dull.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 7.—11 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 1 do do, Loomis & Collard; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 5 do do, J Wood, Son & Co; 1 do do, Hallman & Hammett; 3 do do, Zug & Co; 2 do do Rees, Graff & Dull; 17 bxs w powder, Wincher, H & Co; 5 bbls whisky, A Muckenhaupt; 10 bxs yeast, J D Thompson; 5 bxs w ware, S Hare & Son; 24 bxs yeast, Kramer, Bohn & Co; 45 do do, Dilworth, H & Co; 20 do do, Brown, F & M Gormley; 1 car b hills, H R McClellan; 40 old bbls, Reiter & Co; 20 bbls, Flaccus & Son; 100 bbls w heat, J S Liggett & Co; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 15 sks rags, R Christy; 100 bbls flour, J C Jenkins; 5 bbls tallow, Dilworth, H & Co; 10 bbls flour, J D Hufnagel; 2 cars 1 stone, Graff, B & Co; 1 do h h goods, H Bancroft & Co; 3 bdls nails, H Sellers; 1 do do, 5 do e o bbls, D P Reighard; 1 do do, B Pflaum; 35 g hides, M DeLange; 80 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 3 rolls leather, Gregory; 80 bbls lard, Hupps, cott; 50 bxs cheese, T C Jenkins; 30 do do, Arbuckle & Co; 30 do do, J H Lippincott; 25 doz brooms, Hallman & Hammett; 1 car h goods, J Sons; 1 car s iron, Pgh F & I Co; 50 bbls h wines, Little & M.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, July 7.—4 bbls whisky, Dilworth, W & Co; 4 do do, L Sup do, Union Iron Mills; 2 do Jackson do, Brown & Co; 2 do L Superior do, Reeves, G & Co; 1 do do, Shoenberger, A & Co; 2 pig iron, A V R R; 1 do do, Nimick & Co; 26 plates copper, Clark & Co; 8,000 ft lumber, W D Higbee; 10,000 do do, Monongahela Co; 5,000 do do, W F Richardson; 4 bdls brass hoop, W Clark & Co; 1 car iron, Wm Scott & Co; 4 bbls dross lead, Beymer, B & Co; 86 cakes copper, Parks & Co; 58 bbls do, Cliff Mines; 13 casks Mississippi water, Hall; 1 bbl whiskey, Bell; 5 sks starch, Arbuckles & Co; 50 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 15 sks wool, S Harbaugh; 10 bdls s iron; Anderson & W; 1 bx tobacco, Dreyfus & Co; 15 sks glue scraps, W Flacus & Son; 2 bbls peas, Voigt, G & Co; 6 bxs cheese, Day & Co; 14 do do, J Pettit & Co; 1 bx do, Hall & Co; 1 do do, Reinhaus; 9 sks potatoes, H Riddle; 250 empt o bbls, H & Co; 10 do do

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Persons leaving the city for the summer, and wishing to have the GAZETTE sent to them, will please send their addresses to the office. Price by mail, 75 cents per month.

Officer Fred Biddle has been appointed Captain of the Allegheny night watch.

The First and Second nines of the Allegheny Base Ball club will play a match game this afternoon.

Four hundred and thirty prescriptions were issued to the poor from the Homeopathic Dispensary, Second avenue, during last month.

The residence of Mr. John Andrews, Butcher's Row, Allegheny, was destroyed by fire Wednesday afternoon. Loss about $400; not insured.

Thomas Connor, a laborer, while carrying a load of bricks up a ladder, on Elm street, yesterday, fell and was severely though not dangerously injured.

For Sale. Several sets of second-hand window sash with good lights in, and doors, good as new, will be sold very low. Apply today at GAZETTE counting room, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

An alarm of fire was struck from box 56, corner North Canal and Sycamore streets, Allegheny, Wednesday evening about 11 o'clock. It was caused by a slight fire in a dwelling near the Troy Hill car stables. Damage slight.

Morganstern & Co., 78 and 80 Market St., are determined not to carry over any summer goods. We have this day reduced our stock to wonderfully low prices. Ladies, give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. 78 and 80 Market street.

Wednesday afternoon Dr. McCandless, assisted by other members of the Homeopathic Hospital staff, trepanned the skull of Jacob Billinger, who had been injured in a coal pit at Freeport by the falling of a piece of slate upon him. He is doing well.

Body Recovered.—Yesterday morning the body of a young man named Emerich was found in the Ohio river near the Ferry Landing. He had been drowned while bathing the evening previous. He was about 21 years of age and resided in the Fifth ward.

James Burke residing in Barnett alley, Second Ward, Allegheny, while walking along Grant avenue Wednesday evening accidentally slipped and fell, severely injuring himself. He had to be carried home by a police officer, where his injuries were attended to by Dr. S. B. King.

Obituary.—Mr. Jacob Fedder, an estimable and highly respected citizen of the Second ward, died last night at his residence, No. 183 second avenue, after a lingering illness. The announcement will cause much sorrow to a large circle of friends and acquaintances. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

Alleged Perjury.—Yesterday Thos. McDermott made information before Alderman McMasters against Ellen Carroll for perjury. The defendant is charged in a case before the magistrate, a few weeks ago, made oath that she was worth two thousand dollars in real estate, which was not the case. She was committed to jail for a hearing.

Delirium.—Yesterday afternoon John Ridgeway, a resident of the Third ward, Allegheny, was arrested and locked up for whipping his wife. Subsequently he was examined with *delirium tremens*, and Dr. Thorn was called in to attend him. He recovered somewhat under medical treatment, but was still suffering last night and could not be released.

We made an error yesterday in stating the charge upon which it is said Dr. Clark will be again brought up before his Presbytery. It was not heresy, but the fact that he disrepresented the reason for his breaking off the engagement with Miss Hawkes—the real reason being an engagement of a similar character with another lady, who resides in an eastern city.

Butler County.—The quiet, peaceful town of Coylesville, Butler county, was thrown into a state of Calvary, on the occasion of Independence Day by a free use of fighting whisky among the Irish laborers on the railroad, which resulted in blowing the door of the safe, which at the time contained about $10,000. At this point, however, they were interrupted, some persons, of the Duffy battle array, attracted to the place by the explosion. They escaped, but secured nothing.

Harper & Brothers, New York, announce elsewhere a fine list of new publications, hence we will only allude to a few of the books of the season. Reade's new work, "Put Yourself in His Place," is having a large sale. They issue neat reprints of thirty titles at a thousand edition, and still the demand increases. These well known publishers are constantly issuing new works, notwithstanding these stringent times. Robertson's Sermons, their latest publication, is a splendid book, and sold at a low price.

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The board afterwards met at Youngstown, Ohio, and organized by electing the following officers:

President—Wm. McCreery, Pittsburgh.
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GEO. H. ATKINSON & SAMUEL WALKER.
U. S. Local Inspectors.

AVERY COLLEGE.

Commencement Exercises—Distinguished Visitors Present—Essays and Orations—Address By S. A. Neale, Esq.—Evening Exercises at Lafayette Hall—Addresses by Hon. H. R. Revels of Mississippi and Hon. J. J. Wright of South Carolina, &c.

The commencement exercises at Avery college, Allegheny, took place yesterday in the college hall. Avery street, Allegheny, and were attended by a large number of our colored citizens as well as many prominent white citizens of the two cities, but the attendance would doubtless have been much larger had it not been for the heavy rain which commenced falling about one o'clock the hour appointed for beginning the exercises. There were a number of distinguished colored gentlemen present, among whom were Bishops Brown and Jones of the A. M. E. church, Rev. Dr. Thompson of the first colored Presbyterian church Cincinnati, Hon. H. R. Revels, United States Senator from Mississippi, Hon. J. J. Wright of the Supreme Bench of South Carolina, Rev. John Peck and other leading colored men of this city and Allegheny.

THE EXERCISES.

At half past one o'clock the graduating class, preceded by the distinguished gentlemen named above and Rev. H. H. Garnet, President of the College, entered the Hall, and the exercises were opened with prayer by Bishop J. M. Brown.

Miss Amanda M. Fairfax read an essay, subject—"Education the Need of the Age." The production was well written and read in a very creditable manner.

Miss Sarah E. Douglass, subject—"God's Goodness to Man," which was also a very creditable production. Miss Clarinda Wilson followed with a well written essay, subject—"The Better Way," which was remarkably well read.

The audience were entertained with vocal music by the class, one of their number presiding at the organ. The singing was very fine, and was highly appreciated by the audience.

Essays were then read as follows, and as the performances were all of such a high creditable character it would be unfair to praise any one of them more than another:

"The New Era,".....Sarah Ellen Jackson.
"Star of Hope,".....Rosa Wilson.
"Unity the Bond of Society,".....Mary C. Giles.
"Music—Red, White, and Blue,".....H. R. Giles.
"Virtue the Way to Happiness,".....L. R. Allison.
"Progress,".....Eliza A. Coursey.

Moses H. Hopkins, of Winchester, Va., was then introduced and delivered an original oration, subject, "Adversity," in the preparation and delivery of which the speaker evinced considerable talent for cultivation.

Miss Mary E. Young then read, in very excellent style, a well written essay, subject, "Our Literary Societies."

L. K. Atwood delivered an original oration on "The Bible in our Public Schools," which was a very fair production and was tolerably well delivered.

The class sung another song in an excellent manner.

The address of Prof. B. K. Sampson, as announced on the programme, was omitted in consequence of the severe illness of his gentleman' Rev. H. H. Garnet apologizing to the audience for him.

PROF. NEALE'S ADDRESS.

Prof. S. A. Neale was introduced and addressed the class.

Mr. President and Gentlemen:—In the chivalric age, when Peter the Hermit inducted [illegible] order of Knighthood whose sacred object was to recover the Holy Sepulchre in which the Savior of the world had been entombed, from the hands of the infidel Turks, the only guerdon sought by these knights of old was the expiation of their crimes, the favor of heaven and God by doing deeds of valor in the noble work of rescuing from the pollution of infidelitendom. So we, the men and women of the last half of this nineteenth century, have a battle to fight as formidable as ever engaged the chivalrous enterprise of the crusaders of the Twelfth century. And we have sins to be pardoned as deep in turpitude as ever blighted the characters of those heroic men.

In the Eastern world upon the tomb whose "marble cerements" mingle with the Dust of body, the mosques and minarets of Jerusalem, still cast a shadow of darkness, telling of the horrors of Paganism. And in the Western world we find the image of the Almighty Creator in the form of man, and yet men stultified and almost dehumanized by a crime little less than that which crucified the Lamb of Calvary. The XIV amendment is the written epitaph upon the tomb of slavery. We stand in the chapter of black eyes, broken heads, and the stabbing of two men, both of whom were seriously injured, and one, a young man named Duffy, the mortal coil from the effects of wounds received.

Brownsville Thieves—Bold Attempt at Robbery. Burglars made a bold attempt to rob the Adams Express office at Brownsville on Monday morning. The noise in the streets assisted them in their operations. They succeeded in blowing open the door of the safe, which at the time contained about $10,000. At this point, however, they were interrupted, some persons, of the Duffy battle array, attracted to the place by the explosion. They escaped, but secured nothing.

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WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION.

A Pleasant Assemblage Last Night—Progress of the Cause in Pittsburgh—Fourth Public Meeting—More Speeches—Some spice—And instruction Throughout.

Last evening witnessed another meeting of the Woman's Suffrage Association—one of the most pleasant and entertaining of the public gatherings which has attracted attention in the city for some time. The hall over the Third National Bank, Wood street, had been selected as the headquarters for the organization and thoroughly renovated and fresh in appearance, it presented a neat contrast to the beauty and brilliance of which it was during the evening made the rendezvous.

The ministers were late in assembling, and it was not until a quarter past eight o'clock that a sufficient number had gathered on the floor to constitute a quorum. They began to drop in rapidly after this hour, and soon the room was comfortably filled with an audience.

BRILLIANT, INTELLIGENT AND ATTENTIVE

to every item of the proceedings.

The President Miss Matilda Heineman neatly arrayed in a dark brown evening dress, latest style in make up and trimmings, glanced at the gilt gold colored mantel clock over her seat at the table. Miss Jennie Smith, blue striped dress, hat and chignon, imitated the example of her superior officer.

The President then opened the exercises with a brief invocation to the Throne of Grace. The meeting was now open to business.

The reading of the minutes was dispensed with temporarily, and passed from the

EXECUTIVE COMMITTE.

Miss Hattie Muihattan in behalf of that body reported, that they had held a meeting at the residence of Miss Crane, Smithfield street, on Monday afternoon, June 18th, 1870. The sub committe appointed for the purpose then reported that a meeting had been held with the Trustees or directors of the Fourth Ward School, and found that the hall of the school house could not be had for the reason that the directors of the hall over the Third National Bank, (Board of Trade Rooms) for $50 per year; which subsequently had been accomplished.

The report was received and the action of the committee was approved.

LECTURES TALKED OF.

Miss Heineman then suggested that it would be desirable to have a course of lectures during the coming season under the auspices of the associations.

A motion was made to the effect that the President appoint a committee of three to take the matter in charge.

Miss Heineman [the President] stated that should the lecturers be procured, it would be necessary to pay them by the purchase of their own subjects, although none would be employed who did not favor the Woman's Suffrage movement.

The motion was then carried, and the chair appointed as the committee Miss Kate Fosdick, Jennie Heineman and Mr. W. T. Whitman.

Miss Jennie Heineman moved that the Executive Committee be instructed to meet regularly one week previous to each meeting, that in this manner a regular time might be established for the transaction of such business as might come before them. Carried.

The President stated it had become an important duty to appoint performers for each meeting, and she therefore desired that the Association devise some other plan.

On motion of Miss Mullaitan, the Lecture Committee were instructed to attend to this matter.

The minutes of the last meeting were read by the Secretary—this having been delayed at the opening of the meeting. They were approved.

The President stated that Mr. Moreland had promised to be present at the meeting, but that when called upon a day or two ago by her, he said it would be impossible for him to be present, as he had been otherwise appointed. Mrs. Spencer was also out of the city, and had left an essay to be read by a friend but that gentleman (Mr. Moreland) intimated must have been a gentleman) had lost it. Thus it would have to be postponed.

Mr. Caldwell

NEXT ON THE LIST,

And, happily, he was present. Being called upon he explained that he had made a mistake in the matter, and had prepared no formal address to fill up the time. He felt, however, that fifteen minutes could be "spun out" profitably to the audience, and that in this respect was a *male* man, but on the question of Woman's Suffrage he was a *female* man. Sensible, he was, and one of the most important which could engage the attention. It was sure to succeed. Custom, habit, &c., was fast yielding to the right, and he but surely giving way before it, and soon the triumph would be complete.

He then related an instance which came under his observance illustrative of the capacity of woman for protecting herself. A woman had entered the office of Justice of the Moil in this city, learned type setting, chivalrous to the western wilds, and was now managing successfully two prosperous newspapers.

From this the gentleman employed about fifteen minutes in a humorous and pointed way to the ballot, upon the ground that if it could be given to all men, black and white, irrespective of color, race, religion, property or capacity, certainly it was eminently just that the women of the land should be similarly honored.

The speaker then reverted to an editorial notice which had been on the former speech before the association, in the *Pittsburgh Gazette*, and in his remarks lost the usual placidity of his temper. He would have been better had the rejoinder been made through the columns of the speaker's paper, and not at a meeting of the association.

A brief silence now ensued, which was interrupted by the announcement of the President that Miss Matilda Heineman had been disposed of, and the meeting was open for general remarks.

No one responded to the summons and

THE DEBATE

Was next taken up. The question for discussion was "Resolved that Women are entitled to the Elective Franchise as a matter of Right and Social Necessity."

The question was debated in an earnest, forcible, and spicy manner by Mrs. Danse and Miss Matilda Heineman. Both of the ladies are well versed in the subject, and in a pleasant, which testified the hearty approval of the audience.

Several other persons, although earnestly urged, ventured to say further upon the subject and the debate closed.

PERFORMERS APPOINTED.

The following members were appointed to speak at the next meeting, Misses Emiline Wilcox, Julia Foster, Mrs. Dr. Spencer, and Mr. W. A. Proudfoot.

On motion of Miss Danse the next meeting of the association was fixed for the first Tuesday in September.

Mrs. Foster asked if it would not be a good idea to procure pamphlets upon the subject of Woman Suffrage to distribute among the members and others who were earnest yet ignorant in relation to the matter.

No action was taken on the form of a motion and the Executive Committee empowered to devote ten dollars to that purpose.

On motion, adjourned.

ANOTHER OIL FIRE.

The "Commercial" Works on Fire—Destruction of Oil and Portion of the Buildings—Loss $20,000.

Yesterday afternoon at two o'clock a fire broke out at the Commercial Oil Works, corner Thirty-third and Railroad streets, Twelfth ward. The conflagration was caused by a spark from a passing engine on the Allegheny Valley railroad, which was agitating the oil located within a few feet of the track. The agitator continued about three hundred and fifty barrels of oil, which soon caught fire and flames. The works are supplied with a section of hose which was brought out and put into use by the workmen present. Notice of fire in the meantime being struck. By the time the engines had arrived on the grounds the fire had communicated to the shipping house, located at one side of the agitator. In it were about 600 barrels of refined ready for shipment. The building was saved the works from total destruction. The agitator was also saved in such a condition that with a little repairing it can be used again. The loss was principally upon oil; the building can be rebuilt for about $1,000. The estimated loss entire is $20,000 which is covered by insurance, all in eastern companies.

The Commercial works are owned by a stock company, under the firm name of Lyons & Co. The business of the establishment will not be materially interfered with by the fire.

The railroad track for a couple of hundred feet was rendered useless by the warping of the rails from the heat. Workmen, however, succeeded in repairing this damage in a few hours, and trains were running regularly last night.

The firemen deserve great credit for the efficiency which they exhibited in the disastrous fire. But for the promptitude the loss would have been much greater.

The Female Detective.

The life of a detective under any circumstances is full of vicisitudes, many of which are not of the most pleasant character, and when a female assumes the role of a detective, those vicisitudes are, as a natural sequence, greatly increased, but we presume there are some few pleasant moments in the life of a "female detective." If she conforms herself strictly to the business of a detective she may succeed to a certain degree, but when she undertakes to play bailiff or constable, make arrests, &c., she will find the duties not only unpleasant, but onerous. Such appears to have been the experience of Emma Cantwell, a female, who for some time past has been operating in the capacity of a detective in this city, without detecting any body so far as we can learn.

Yesterday morning Emma "detected" Michael Callahan, a boy who escaped from the House of Refuge a few days since. Michael, in company with a number of boys, many of them as bad as he, and he is bad enough, was found on Penn street, near the Twelfth ward station house, and the heroic Cantwell pounced upon him and placed a pair of nippers on his arm. Michael raised a row and appealed to his comrades for assistance. The boys responded to the call and made an effort to rescue Michael, but the gallant "Cantwell" nothing daunted, drew her revolver and ordered them to stand. They stood of course, but some of these in the rear pitched an occasional boulder at the female officer, and in her efforts to dodge them her prisoner escaped. A moment afterward a policeman seeing a crowd assembled hastened to the spot and discovering a female with a drawn revolver making direful threats at the boys, and not knowing her to be a detective took her in custody and conducted her to the Twelfth ward station house. The lieutenant in charge of the station house, was, it appears, better posted than the officer, and recognizing in the prisoner the "female detective," discharged her from custody. We have not heard from her since, but presume she is looking for the escaped Michael.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Ammunition and Gun material of all kind, at reduced prices, at J. H. Johnston's Great Western Gun Works, 179 Smithfield street. Repairing neatly done. Guns for hire. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or taken in exchange. Call and see or write for a Price List. jy8

Henry G. Hale, Merchant Tailor, has just received a large assortment of linens and alpaccas, also a complete assortment of goods for summer wear generally, corner Penn avenue and Sixth street. jf

Stonecoad's Cathartic Syrup is used in all cases instead of pills, castor oil, epsom salts, &c. Highly flavored. Twenty-five cents. Try it. Sold by all druggists. WFM

Contracts Awarded.

Contracts for the construction of the following new sewers in Allegheny were made yesterday.

Jackson Street sewer, to Charles Faulkner. The sewer will be built of brick, and will be two thousand eight hundred feet in length. For one thousand and fifty feet it will be four feet in diameter, and the remainder will be three and a half feet.

The pipe sewer on Stockton Avenue, from Sherman Avenue to Federal Street, was awarded to Messrs. Allen & Dunn. Three hundred and ten feet will be of eighteen inches in diameter, and five hundred and forty of fifteen.

The pipe sewer on Ward's alley, from Fulton Street to connect with the Sandwick Street sewer was also awarded to Messrs. Allen & Dunn. It will be 650 feet in length, and pipe fifteen inches in diameter will be used.

The Burke alley sewer, extended from Avery to Washington Street, was awarded to Mr. Haslitt. It will be of pipe fifteen inches in diameter, and will be 380 feet in length.

A Card.

Wm. Semple, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny, gratefully thanks his numerous customers for their very liberal patronage, and would respectfully inform them that until further notice his store will be closed on Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock.

July 6th, 1870. 6t

Attention.—The members of the Douglass Cleaves will meet at their armory on Fourth avenue near Wood street, on Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock. A full attendance is desired.—By order of G. S. MASSEY,
2 Captain Commanding Co.

$37,500 on Bond Mortgage in sums to suit. SIMPSON & HOWARD,
jy6 eod 89 Grant street.

NEITHER Poppy nor Mandragora, nor all the drowsy syrups of the world, can ever make a substitute for Pier, Dannals & Co.'s Tonic Ale. People will think all drugs hurtful, and prefer the pure extract of malt and hops.

DIED:

ALLINDER—On Thursday, the 7th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., SAMUEL ALLINDER, aged 63 years, 4 months and 24 days.

The funeral will take place on SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 124 Centre avenue. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KNOX—On Thursday afternoon, July 7th, WILLIAM KNOX, in the 87th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 189 Washington avenue, Allegheny, on SUNDAY, July 9th, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. 2

LEDDER—On Thursday evening, July 7th, at 9 45 o'clock, ELIZABETH, daughter of Jacob and Elizabeth Ledder, aged 3 years and 3 months.

The funeral will take place on SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 183 second avenue. The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend. 2

CARBOLIC SALVE.

Made with pure CARBOLIC ACID, which is used in Hospitals by direction of Eminent Physicians, has already proved itself to be the most speedy and effectual cure for all Malignant Sores and Ulcers, of whatever nature or standing. Wounds or Injuries no equal as a Rapid Curative Agent has yet been discovered. PRICE, 25 CENTS.

ALSO,

Henry's Insect Powder,

For the Destruction of ROACHES, BED BUGS, ANTS, &c. PRICE, 25 CENTS, at

L. H. ROSENBACH'S

Patent Medicine Depot,
140 SMITHFIELD ST.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in Pittsburgh Post Office, July 8, 1870.

Adams A — Hughes Julia — Phillips Miss
Adams Robt — Frederick Emm — McKee Mrs Th
H — Feister Mrs M A — McClurg Mrs Jn
Berry Frank — Gollins Geo — McClurg Thos J
Barcroft W — Gorman H — Nugent Jas
Berry Peter — Hughes David — Phillips Miss M A
Berry Peter — Hoyt John — Pagendarm Fre
Brady Mrs Ellen — Hogan John — Patterson R
Cunningham D — Johnson — Patterson
Cunningham Jas — Jones John — Reeb & Johnson
Clary Jas — Kerry Jno — Reed Jas D
Cain Mrs Mary — Kraus Andy — Rodgers Thos
Carney John — Kelly Mary — Slicker John
Carisle Mrs — Kirk Ellen — Stevenson Wm
Cunningham E — Kirk — Scott J M
Cunningham F — Laddsay & Co — Stevenson Jno
Cochrane Rich — Little John — Stevenson Jno
Crawford Peter A — Lang Matthew — Smith John W
Dunkey — Langdon Jas — Shook Daniel
Dunkey John — Lipe Saml — Shook Levi
Davis — Mason Josiah — Tesh Peter
Escep Harrison — Murray Jno — Tesh Adam
Evans Wm F — Murrays Mrs Jny — Tesh Adam
Fulton & Co — Moody Michael — Ward Thomas
Forsythe Wm L — McKee A F — Winterhuner J H
Forsyth Wm — Mowbray Mary — Wagner Mrs C S
Fegan Lawrence — Mowbray — Wagner Miss C S
PHILLIP HOFMEIER

Those calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised, giving the date of the list.

JAMES McCLELLAND, P. M.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. ALEXANDER F. HAY,

For many years engaged in the house of JACOB B. HUBLEY, 27 and 29 Fourth avenue, was admitted on to an interest, commencing January 1, 1870, as a partner in the style of the firm of

JACOB B. HUBLEY & CO.,

who will continue the old and well-known stand as heretofore.

JACOB B. HUBLEY, ALEXANDER F. HAY.

Jacob B. Hubley & Co.,

Dealer in Choice American and French Confectionery, Fruits, Pure Ice Creams, Water Ices, &c., &c., 27 and 29 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

☞ Particular attention given to furnishing Parties, Balls, Receptions, &c. Also, Dinners prepared to order, day and evening. jy6

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders,

ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL

BRASSES

Made Promptly to Order.

BABBITT'S METAL

Made and Kept on Hand.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of

J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel

STEAM PUMP.

Office 882 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17th and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh Pa.

Country Residence AT BIRMINGHAM STATION,

On the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.,

AT AUCTION.

Will be sold on the premises, on SATURDAY, July 9th, at 11 o'clock, on the Beaver road, adjoining the properties of Messrs. Semple, Taylor, and others, a FRAME HOUSE, of 4 rooms, barn and stable, 2 acres of GROUND, two of which are in fruit trees of all kinds, and all under good fence, good water on the place, convenient to Church and School, only 6 miles from Pittsburgh, and 2 miles from Birmingham station on the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. 6 daily trains each way from the City.

Parties wishing a Country Residence will find it to their interest to attend this sale.

Mr. Jackman will show the premises to visitors.

Jul'275 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

JOHN Q. WORKMAN.....H. RICHARD DAVIS

WORKMAN & DAVIS,

Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in

Carriages, Buggies, SPRING & BUCK WAGONS.

42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular. ☞ Newest style of work constantly on hand. SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEEL-ING Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.

H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.

JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

OFFICE OF THE
CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, June 25, 1870.

NOTICE TO COUNTY ASSESSORS.

The Books for the Registration of Voters are now ready for delivery at the office of the County Commissioners. Returns will be required within the time prescribed by law, and no payment will be made unless the terms of the law are literally complied with.

By direction of County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT,
Controller.

je27 4td-4aT

Livingston & Co.,

Manufacturer of LIGHT GREY IRON

CASTINGS.

Light work our specialty. Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Sash Pulleys, and all other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. Postoffice address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja28 a15

DRIED APPLES.—10 bbls extra nice, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

CHEESE.—100 boxes prime Goshen, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

DRIED PEACHES.—5 bbls for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, July 5th, 1870.

☞ **DIVIDEND.**—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of TEN PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of tax.

jy7:2 JOSEPH W. JOHNSON, Secretary.

CITY BANK,
PITTSBURGH, PA., July 5, 1870.

☞ **THIS BANK HAS THIS DAY** declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months payable on demand.

jy6:2 W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

☞ **DIVIDEND NOTICE.**

THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY,
July 2, 1870.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand.

jy6:2 J. N. DAVIDSON, Cashier.

☞ **NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.**

—The Board of Directors of this Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the past six months, payable on and after July 8th inst.

ROBERT J. GREER, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1870. jy6:82

☞ **MASONIC DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK.**—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable on and after July 8th inst., free of tax.

GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, July